

(Signature of Invigilator)

Set No. 1	18P/212/27	,
tal No. of Printed Pages: 28		Question Booklet No
(To be filled	up by the candidate by blue/bl	ack ball-point pen)
il. No.		
II No. (Write the digits in words)		
rial No. of OMR Answer Sheet	······································	
ntre Code No.		

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Lise only blue/black ball-point pep in the space above and on both sides of the OMR Answer Sheet)

- Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superinter dent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any looke paper, written or blank, inside the Eye fination Hall except the Admit Card.
- A separate OMR Answer Sheet is given. It should not be fold d or mutilated. A second OMR Answer
  Sheet shall not be provided. Only the OMR Answer Sheet will be evaluated.
- 4. Write all the entries by blue/black ball pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the OMR Answer Sheet, write ly pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the tip, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, write the Question Booklet Number, Centre Code Number and the Set Number (wherever applicable) in appropriate places.
- No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR Answer Sheet and also Roll No. and OMR Answer Sheet Serial No. on the Question Booklet.
- Any change in the afore aid entries is to be verified by the Invigilator; otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. Each question in this Bookle, is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the OMR Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the OMR Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the OMR Answer Sheet.
- For each question, darken only one circle on the OMR Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).
- For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this
  Booklet.
- On completion of the Test, the Candidate must handover the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator
  in the examination room/hall. However, candidates are allowed to take away Text Booklet and copy
  of OMR Answer Sheet with them.
- candidates are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 4 If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.
- ्यंत्र प्रिटेश हिन्हों में अन्तिम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं।

## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

रफ़ कार्य के लिए जगह

No. of Questions: 120

Time: 2 Hours Full Marks: 360

Note:

- (1) This paper comprises of Two Sections, viz. Section-A and Section-B having 24 Multiple Choice Questions in Section-A and 96 Multiple Choice Questions in Section-B comprising 32 questions of Biology, 32 questions of Chemistry and 32 questions of Physics. A candidate has to attempt all 120 questions.
- Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries 3 marks. One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question.
- (3) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.

#### Section-A

The condition that the equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  have two roots such that one root is four times of the other is

(1) 
$$4b^2 = 25ac$$
 (2)  $b^2 = 6ac$  (3)  $4b^2 = ac$  (4)  $2b^2 = 5ac$ 

$$(2) b^2 = 6ac$$

(3) 
$$4b^2 = ac$$

$$(4) 2b^2 = 5ac$$

The number of non empty subsets of a set consisting of 8 elements is 2.

(1) 256

- 3. The function  $f: R \to R$  defined by f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3) is
  - (1) One-one but not onto
- (2) Onto but not one one
- (3) Both one-one and onto
- (4) Neither one-one nor onto
- 4. The speed v of a body moving on a straight track varies according to

$$v = \begin{cases} 2t + 13 & 0 \le t \le 5\\ 3t + 8, & 5 < t \le 7\\ 4t + 1 & t > 7 \end{cases}$$

The distances are measured in meters and time t in seconds. The distance in meters moved by the particle at the end of 10 seconds is

- (1) 127
- (2) 247
- (3) 186
- (4) 313
- 5. If the sides of a triangle are 7 cm,  $4\sqrt{3}$  cm and  $\sqrt{13}$  cm, then the smallest angle of the triangle is
  - (1) 15°
- (2) 45°
- (3) 30°
- (4) None of these

- **6.** If  $\frac{x^2 + 2x + 7}{2x + 3} < 6$ ,  $x \in R$ , then
  - (1) x > 11 or x < -3/2

(2) x > 11 or x < -1

(3) - 3/2 < x < -1

- (4) -1 < x < 11 or x < -3/2
- 7. If  $\sin \alpha$  and  $\cos \alpha$  are the roots of the equation  $px^2 + qx + r = 0$ , then
  - (1)  $p^2 q^2 + 2pr = 0$
- (2)  $(p+r)^2 = q^2 r^2$

(3)  $p^2 + q^2 - 2pr = 0$ 

(4)  $(p-r)^2 = q^2 + r^2$ 

8.	The	real	roots	of	x	$ ^3-3x^2+3$	$3 \mid x$	-2 = 0	are
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- (1) 0, 2
- (2)  $\pm 1$
- (3) ± 2/
- (4) 1, 2

#### 9. Consider the following statements

- (A) Mode can be computed from histogram.
- (B) Median is not independent of change of scale
- (C) Variance is independent of change of origin and scale.

Which of the above is/are correct?

(1) Only (A)

(2) Only (B)

(3) Both (A) and (B)

(4) (A), (B) and (C)

10. Suppose a researcher is concerned with a nominal scale that identifies users versus nonusers of bank credit cards. The measure of central tendency appropriate to this scale is the

- (1) Mean
- (2) Median
- (3) Mode
- (4) Average

#### 11. The variance

- (1) Is a poor index of the degree of dispersion
- (2) Has a major drawback because it reflects a unit of measurement that has been squared
- (3) Is the squared root of the standard deviation
- (4) Is the average deviation squared

12.	sta	Which of the following is not a step in calculation of the chi-square test tatistic?  1) Formulate the null hypothesis and determine the expected frequency of						
	(1)	Formulate the each answer	nu	ll hypothesis a	nd (	determine the	expe	ected frequency of
	(2)	Determine the	app	oropriate signifi	can	ce level		
		Prepare ANOV						
	(4)	Calculate the	chi-	square value				
13.	Wh	ich measure of	cent	tral tendency wi	ll be	more suitable!	for f	ollowing data set :
				, 100, 6, 7, 40,				
	(1)	Mean	(2)	Median	(3)	Mode	(4)	Harmonic mean
14.	If a	test was gener a few students	ally s. Th	very easy so me ne distribution	ost o	of the students narks will be	got	high marks except
	(1)	Positively skev	ved		(2)	Negatively ske	wed	
	(3)	Normal			(4) None of these			
15.	Wh	nich one of the	foll	owing can neve	r be	negative?		
<u> </u>	(1)	Mean	(2)	Median	(3)	Mode	(4)	Range
16.	The	e age of 5 child	iren	are 1, 2, 3, 4,	, 5 y	vears. Variance	of a	age is
	(1)	2 years	(2)	3 years <sup>2</sup>	(3)	3 years	(4)	2 years <sup>2</sup>
17.	He	xadecimal num	ber	system has				
	(1)	Base of 10			(2)	Base of 8		
	(3)	Base of 16			(4)	None of these		
18.	Wh	nich one of the	foll	owing is an exa	amp.	le of volatile m	emo	ry?
	(1)	ROM	(2)	PROM	(3)	EPRON	(4)	RAM/
<b>67</b> )	, , , ,		w-20080	4				

19.	Compiler translates		
	(1) Line by line	(2) Whole program	
	(3) Using interpreter	(4) None of the above	
20.	A Laser beam is used to read data	a from	
	(1) Magnetic disk	(2) Optical disk	
	(3) Magnetic tape	(4) None of these	
21.	RAM is a		
	(1) Permanent memory	(2) Temporary memory	
	(3) Both of the above	(4) None of the above	
22.	Software that is available for free	on the Internet	
	(1) Customized software	(2) Public domain software	
	(3) Operating system	(4) None of these	
23.	Which one of the following are comp	oonents of Central Processing Unit (CPU	)?
	(1) Arithmetic logic unit, mouse	4.5	
	(2) Arithmetic logic unit, control u	unit /	
	(3) Arithmetic logic unit, integrate	ed circuits	
	(4) Control unit, monitor		
24.	If a computer has more than one	processor then it is known as	
	(1) Uniprocess	(2) Multiprocessor	
	(3) Multithreaded	(4) Multiprogramming	
(67)		5 (F	P.T.O.)

## Section—B

## [ BIOLOGY ]

25.	Formation of prokaryotic translation	ass	sembly is initiated at
	(1) 70S ribosome	(2)	50S ribosome
	(3) 30S ribosome	(4)	55S ribosome
26.	A poly A tail is found in		
	(1) SnRNA (2) tRNA	(3)	tRNS (4) mRNA
27.	Formation of 'lariate' configuration is	s a	characteristic of
	(1) RNA splicing	(2)	Transcription initiation complex
	(3) Translation initiation complex	(4)	DNA ligase activity
28.	During prokaryotic DNA synthesis, removed by	the	RNA primers at lagging strand are
	(1) S1 nuclease	(2)	DNA polymerase I
	(3) DNA polymerase III	(4)	RNase II
29.	Which analytical tool was used by M DNA replicates in semi-conservative	Mess mar	elson and Stahl to demonstrate that nner?
	(1) Radiotracer technique	(2)	X-ray diffraction analysis
	(3) Spectrometry	(4)	Density gradient centrifugation
30.	2'-deoxy-cytidine is a		
	(1) Nucleotide	(2)	Dinucleotide
	(3) Modified base	(4)	Nucleoside
(67)	6		### D

31.	Equimolar solutions of alanine and reagent. Which option is correct about reaction?	l lysine were treated with the ninhydring it intensity of the colour produced after the
	(1) Same for both the amino acids	
	(2) Double with lysine than alanine	
	(3) Double with alanine than lysine	
	(4) No colour would be produced by	
32.	The two strands of DNA are held to	gether by
	(1) Phosphodiester bonds	(2) Phosphoanhydride bonds
	(3) Hydrogen bonds	(4) C—C covalent bonds
33.	Identify the glycolytic enzyme which synthesis?	n is associated with substrate level ATI
	(1) Phosphofructokinase	(2) Hexokinase
	(3) Pyruvate kinase	(4) Enolase
34.	The enzymes catalyze a chemical re-	action by
	(1) Increasing activation energy barr	rier of the substrate
	(2) Decreasing activation energy bar	rier of the substrate
	(3) Bringing all the substrate molec	ules at ground state level
	(4) Bringing all the substrate molec	ules below the ground state level
35.		esence of increasing concentrations of an alues but with no change in $V_{\rm max}$ of the used
	(1) Competitive	(2) Non-competitive
	(3) Un-competitive	(4) Allosteric
<b>(67)</b>	7	(P.T.O

36.	Identify a non-carbohydrate compou	nd from the options given below					
	(1) Dihydroxyacetone	(2) Glyceraldehyde					
	(3) Glycerol /	(4) Inulin					
37.	Clonal selection occurs when a B ly	mphocyte encounters					
	(1) Cytokines	(2) An antigen					
	(3) T lymphocytes	(4) Chemotactic factors					
38.	Immunological diversity in antibody	is generated by					
	(1) Rearrangement of immunoglobul	llin genes					
	(2) RNA editing						
	(3) Post transcriptional modification						
	(4) Post translational modification						
39.	Titin is associated with the structure of						
	(1) Thick filament	(2) Thin filament					
	(3) Z-lines	(4) Dystrophin					
40.	Voltage-gated Na <sup>+</sup> -channel is inhibit	ted by					
40.							
	(1) 4-aminopyridine	(2) Tricthanolamine					
	(3) Saxitoxin	(4) Ouabain					
41.	The five kingdom system of classific	ation was proposed by					
	(1) Whittakar (2) Linnaeus	(3) John Ray (4) Lamark					
(67)	8						

42.	Industrial waste to be disposed of or	n la	nd should have BOD level
	(1) < 100 ppm	(2)	100-500 ppm
	(3) >100 ppm	(4)	100-1000 ppm
43.	Industrial production of citric acid is	s by	
	(1) Acetobacter suboxydans	(2)	Aspergillus niger
	(3) Penicillium purpurogenum	(4)	Streptococcus lactis
44.	Endosperm of angiosperms is		
	(1) Haploid (2) Diploid	(3)	Triploid (4) Tetraploid
45.	The sum total of all genes and their	alle	eles present in a population means
	(1) Gene pool	(2)	Gene bank
	(3) Gene conversion	(4)	Gene recombination
46.	Which one of the following is a hall	ucin	ogenic drug?
	(1) Opium	(2)	Caffeine
	(3) Morphine	(4)	Lysergic acid diethylamide
47.	Which one of the following is respondicot stem?	nsib	le for the stelar secondary growth in
	(1) Cork cambium	(2)	Vascular cambium
	(3) Procambium	(4)	Ground meristem
67)	9		(P.T.O.

53.	Which one of the following is not a	correct statement?						
	(1) Origin of seed habit began with	Bryophytes						
	(2) Lycopodium is homosporous and	(2) Lycopodium is homosporous and Selaginella is heterosporous						
	(3) Sporophyte in Riccia is simplest	consisting of a capsule only						
	(4) In Marchantia antheridia and archegonia are borne on antheridiophores and archegoniophores							
54.	In photosynthesis how many molecular	ules of ATP and NADPH <sub>2</sub> are used						
	(1) 10 ATP and 12 NADPH <sub>2</sub>	(2) 12 ATP and 18 NADPH <sub>2</sub>						
	(3) 18 ATP and 12 NADPH <sub>2</sub>	(4) 38 ATP and 20 $NADPH_2$						
55.	Which one of the following is causa	tive agent of ergot and ergotism?						
	(1) Sclerospora	(2) Venturia						
	(3) Claviceps	(4) Penicillium						
56.	In the complete oxidation of one mo	plecule of glucose, there is a net gain of						
	(1) 2 ATP (2) 8 ATP	(3) 12 ATP (4) 36 ATP						

Who amongest the following is cred anther culture?	ited with the discovery of haploids from
(1) Guha and Maheshwari	(2) Maheshwari and Maheshwari
(3) Sopory and Maheshwari	(4) Maheshwari and Khurana
Okazaki fragments are joined by	
(1) DNA polymerase III	(2) DNA polymerase I
(3) DNA ligase	(4) Gyrase
Aflatoxins production was first repo	rted from
(1) Trichoderma viride	(2) Aspergillus flavus
(3) Aspergillus nidulans	(4) Aspergillus niger
The transfer of energy from one troph	ic level to the next trophic level is called
(1) Nutrient mobilization	(2) Caloriefic value
(3) Food chain	(4) Gross primary productivity
Select the incorrect statement	
(1) Batrachospermum is a marine al	ga
(2) Vaucheria produces multiflagella	te synzoospores
(3) Chlamydomonas nivalis causes '	Red snow'
(4) The red colouration of red sea is erythraeum	s due to a blue green alga Trichodesmium
10	)
	anther culture?  (1) Guha and Maheshwari  (3) Sopory and Maheshwari  Okazaki fragments are joined by  (1) DNA polymerase III  (3) DNA ligase  Aflatoxins production was first report  (1) Trichoderma viride  (3) Aspergillus nidulans  The transfer of energy from one troph  (1) Nutrient mobilization  (3) Food chain  Select the incorrect statement  (1) Batrachospermum is a marine all  (2) Vaucheria produces multiflagella  (3) Chlamydomonas nivalis causes  (4) The red colouration of red sea is

## [ CHEMISTRY ]

57.	The total number	of orbitals in a s	hell with princ	cipal quantum number n	10
	(1) $n^2$		(3) 2n	(4) $2n^2$	
58.	In which one of t	the following mole	cules the bond	angle is greatest?	
		(2) BF <sub>3</sub>			
59.	The extent of hyd	drogen bonding is	maximum in	the following	
	(1) Diethyl ether		(2) acetone	Œ.	
	(3) Acetic acid		(4) Triethyla	amine	
60.	Which one of the	following molecu	les/ions has t	rigonal shape?	
	(1) H <sub>2</sub> S	(2) NH <sub>2</sub>	(3) (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> E	(4) (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> N	
61.	The number of ic	onisable hydrogen	atoms in hype	ophosphorous acid is	
	(1) One	(2) Two	(3) Three	(4) None of these	
62.	In the coordination			oxidation state of nickel	is
	(1) Zero	(2) +1	(3) -1	(4) + 2	
63.		on, $Co(NH_3)_6^{3+}$ , theometry is expecte		l atom utilizes s $p^3d^2$ hybe complex?	rio
	(1) Tetrahedral	. SP	(2) Trigonal	pyramidal	
	(3) Trigonal plan	ar	(4) Octahed	Iral	
(67)		1	12		

- 64. Which one of the following has very similar chemistry to that of Al3+?
- (1)  $Mg^{2+}$  (2)  $Ga^{3+}$  (3)  $Be^{2+}$  (4)  $B^{3+}$

65. In the reaction given below

$$3Cl_2 + 6OH^- \longrightarrow 5Cl^- + ClO_3^- + 3H_2O$$

- Chlorine is reduced
- (2) Chlorine is oxidized
- (3) Chlorine is neither oxidized nor reduced
- (4) Chlorine is oxidized as well as reduced
- Which one of the following is the correct equivalent weight of KMnO4 in strongly alkaline medium? (K = 39, Mn = 55, O = 16).
  - (1) 31.6
- (2) 52.6
- (3) 158:0 (4) None of these
- In which mode of expression, the concentration of a solution remains 67. independent of temperature?
  - (1) Molality (2) Molarity (3) Normality (4) Formality

- The rate at which a substance reacts, depends on its? 68.
  - (1) Molecular mass

(2) Active mass

(3) Equivalent weight

(4) Total volume

The equilibrium constant, K for the following reaction  $3A + 2B \rightleftharpoons C$  will be 69.

(1) 
$$K = \frac{[3A][2B]}{[C]}$$

(2) 
$$K = \frac{[C]}{[3A][2B]}$$

(3) 
$$K = \frac{[C]}{[A]^2 [B]^2}$$

(4) 
$$K = \frac{[C]}{[A]^3 [B]^2}$$

- Rate constant and rate of a reaction have the same unit. The reaction is 70.
  - (1) Zero order

(2) First order

(3) Second order

- (4) Third order
- Which one of the following is a first order reaction? 71.

(1) 
$$2NO + O_2 \longrightarrow 2NO_2$$

(2) 
$$2HI \longrightarrow H_2 + I_2$$

(3) 
$$NH_4NO_2 \longrightarrow N_2 + H_2O$$
 (4)  $2NO_2 \longrightarrow 2NO + O_2$ 

(4) 
$$2NO_2 \longrightarrow 2NO + O_2$$

- The pH of a solution obtained by mixing 50 ml of 0.20 M HCl with 50 ml of 72. 0.10 M NaOH will be (Take  $k_w = 10^{-14}$ )
  - (1) 3.3
- (2) 2.3
- (3) 1.3 (4) 0.3
- The correct relation between standard Gibbs free energy change ( $\Delta G^{\circ}$ ) and 73. equilibrium constant (K) of a reversible reaction is

(1) 
$$\Delta G^{\circ} = -RT \ln K$$

(2) 
$$\Delta G^{\circ} = (T \Delta S^{\circ} - \Delta H^{\circ}) K$$

(3) 
$$K = e^{-RT/\Delta G^{\circ}}$$

(4) 
$$K = e^{-RT \Delta G^{\circ}}$$

- 74. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
  - A catalytic poison destroys the activity of the catalyst wholly or partially.
  - (2) A promoter enhances the activity of the catalyst by making its surface more uneven.
  - (3) A catalyst enroutes the reaction through a path which involves lower value of energy of activation
  - (4) A catalyst can catalyse all types of reactions
- For an adiabatic process, which one of the following is correct? 75.

$$(1) P \Delta V = 0$$

(1) 
$$P \Delta V = 0$$
 (2)  $q = 0$  (3)  $\Delta E = q$  (4)  $q = tw$ 

(3) 
$$\Delta E = q$$

$$(4) q = tw$$

The equation which gives pH of buffer solution is 76.

(1) 
$$pH = log K_a + log \frac{[acid]}{[salt]}$$
 (2)  $pH = \frac{1}{2} pK_a + log \frac{[salt]}{[acid]}$ 

(2) pH = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 p $K_a$  + log  $\frac{[\text{salt}]}{[\text{acid}]}$ 

(3) 
$$pH = pK_a - log \frac{[salt]}{[acid]}$$

(3) 
$$pH = pK_a - log \frac{[salt]}{[acid]}$$
 (4)  $pH = pK_a + log \frac{[salt]}{[acid]}$ 

- An exothermic reaction is the one in which the reactants 77.
  - (1) Have same energy as the products
  - (2) Have less energy than the products
  - (3) Have more energy than the products
  - (4) Are at higher temperature than the products

Rank the following compounds in order of decreasing acidity 78.

(II)

 $(CH_3)_2$ CHOH  $(CF_3)_2$ CHOH  $(CCl_3)_2$ CHOH  $CCl_3$ CH $_2$ OH

(I)

(III)

(IV)

(1) (III) > (IV) > (II) > (I)

(2) (II) > (III) > (IV) > (I)(4) (II) > (III) > (I) > (IV)

(3) (III) > (II) > (IV) > (I)

In this transformation 79.

$$A \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{C(CH}_3)_2$$
OH

What is the best structure for A?

(1) BrCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \mid \\ \text{(3)} \quad \text{CH}_3 \text{CH}_2 \text{CH} \\ \mid \\ \text{CH}_2 \text{Br} \end{array}$ 

- (4) CH<sub>3</sub>CHCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- The major product obtained on treatment of 2-bromobutane with hot conc. 80. alcoholic KOH is
  - (1) 1-butene

(2) cis-2-butene

(3) trans-2-butene

- (4) 2-butanol
- Which one of the following compounds will give a positive iodoform test?
  - (1) 2-Pentanol /

(2) 3-Pentanone

(3) Cyclohexanol

(4) Propiophenone

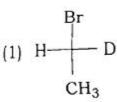
82. When, sulphanilic acid is treated with excess of bromine water, it gives

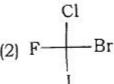
(3) Br 
$$SO_3H$$
 Br  $NH_2$ 

(2) 
$$Br$$
  $NH_2$   $Br$ 

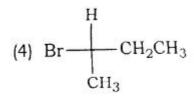
- 83. Consider the following statements about conformational isomers
  - (I) They are interconverted by rotation about single bond.
  - (II) The energy barrier separating them is less than 15 kcal/mole.
  - (III) They are best represented by means of Fischer projection formulae.
  - Of these correct statements are
  - (1) All I, II and III
  - (2) I and II both
  - (3) II and III both
  - (4) I and III both

Which one of the following molecules has S-configuration? 84.

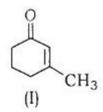


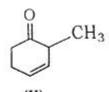


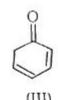
(3) 
$$H_2N$$
 COOH H



- Which one of the following is a chromophore group? 85.
  - (1) >C=O (2) -OH
- (3) —NH<sub>2</sub> (4) —Cl
- Rank the compounds in order of their decreasing  $\lambda_{max}$ 86.







(1) (II) > (I) > (III)

(2) (III) > (II) > (I)

(3) (I) > (II) > (III)

- (4) (III) > (I) > (II)
- The NMR spectrum of the compound C3H5Cl3 showed two signals, one a 87. doublet and the other a quintet. The structure of the compound is
  - Cl<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl

- (2) CH3CCl2CH2Cl
- (3) CICH2CHCICH2CI
- (4) Cl<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
- Which one of the following compounds will give 4 signals in its NMR spectrum? 88.
  - (1) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>Br

(2) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>

(3) CH3COOCH2CH3

(4) CH<sub>3</sub>CHClCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

#### [ PHYSICS ]

89.

(67)

What is the physical variable represented by the slope of a distance-time graph?

	(1) Displacement		(2)	Acceleration		
	(3) Velocity		(4)	Speed		
90.	If the equation of r	notion of a particle	is y	$= px^3 + q \log x$	, then the acceleration	n
	$(1) 6px + 2\frac{q}{x}$	(2) $6px^2 - \frac{2q}{x^2}$	(3)	$6px - \frac{q}{x^2}$	$(4) 6px + \frac{q}{x^2}$	
91.	Impulse has dime	nsion of				
	(1) Force	(2) Pressure	(3)	Momentum/	(4) Energy	
92.	The distance be (wavelength = $\lambda$ )	tween a crest a	nd	an adjacent t	rough of a wave	is
	(1) λ	(2) $\frac{\lambda}{2}$	(3)	$\frac{\lambda}{4}$	(4) 2λ	
93.	In a Carnot's engir	ne, the type of therr	nody	namic processe	s that take place are	
	(1) Isothermal an	d isobaric	(2)	Isentropic and	lisobaric	
	(3) Isentropic and	l isothermal	(4)	Isentropic and	lisobaric	
94.	The number of de	grees of freedom of	a g	as molecule con	sisting of 2 atoms in	3
	(1) 6	(2) 4	(3)	3	(4) 5	
(67)		19	9		(P.T.)	0.)

19

95.	In photoelectric effect, the Kinetic Energy (K.E.) of the emitted electron is (given incident light frequency = $v$ , threshold frequency = $v_0$ )
	incident light frequency = v, threshold frequency - v <sub>0</sub>

(1) K.E. = 
$$h(2v - v_0)$$

(2) K.E. = 
$$h(v - v_0)$$

(3) K.E. = 
$$h(v-2v_0)$$

(4) K.E. = 
$$h(v_0 - v)$$

(1) 
$$v_{solid} < v_{gas} < v_{liquid}$$

(2) 
$$v_{solid} > v_{gas} > v_{hiquid}$$

(3) 
$$v_{solid} > v_{liquid} > v_{gas}$$

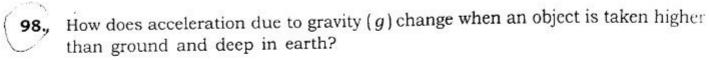
(4) 
$$v_{liquid} > v_{gas} > v_{solid}$$

(1) 
$$\frac{\text{kg} \times \text{metre}}{\text{s}^2 \times \text{Newton}}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{metre}^3}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{s^2 \times \text{Newton}}{\text{kg}^2 \times \text{metre}}$$

(4) None of the above



- (1) Remains unchanged in both cases
- (2) Increases in both cases
- (3) Decreases in first case where as increases in second
- (4) Decreases in both cases

(1) doubled

(2) remains unchanged

(3) becomes half

(4) None of the above

An object of mass m at rest is dropped from a height h towards the ground. 100. What is the kinetic energy of that object at a height x from ground?

(1) max

(2) mah

(3) mg(h-x) (4) mg(h-2x)

101. The speed of light in free space is

(1)  $3 \times 10^8$  cm/s

(2) 3×10<sup>8</sup> m/s

(3)  $3 \times 10^{10}$  m/s

(4)  $3 \times 10^6$  m/s

Consider a particle with mass 10 gm is projected with a fixed velocity 6 m/s 102. with an angle 45° with respect to the horizontal surface. When the particle passes the highest point of its trajectory, component of upward and forward velocities are respectively (given  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )?

(1) 0 m/s and 3.5 m/s

(2) 1.8 m/s and 4.24 m/s

(3) 0.77 m/s and 2.45 m/s

(4) 0 m/s and 4·24 m/s

- Considering the above problem, when the particle passes the highest point of its 103. trajectory, the direction of its velocity and acceleration are
  - (1) parallel to each other
  - (2) anti-parallel to each other
  - (3) 90° to each other
  - (4) inclined to each other at an angle of 45°
- If  $\vec{r} = 3\hat{i} 5\hat{j}$  and the angular velocity with respect to the origin  $\vec{w} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ , then what is the linear velocity  $\overrightarrow{v}$  of the particle?

(1)  $20\hat{i} - 12\hat{i} + 13\hat{k}$ 

(2) 
$$-20\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 13\hat{k}$$

(3)  $-20\hat{i} - 12\hat{i} + 13\hat{k}$ 

(4) 
$$20\hat{i} + 12\hat{j} - 13\hat{k}$$

105.	The moment of inertia of a circular disk of mass M and radius R with respect to
	the axis passing through its diameter is

- (1)  $\frac{1}{2}MR^2$  (2)  $\frac{1}{4}MR^2$  (3)  $\frac{2}{5}MR^2$  (4)  $\frac{1}{2}MR^2$

- (1)  $\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}x$  (2)  $\sqrt{\frac{k}{r}}m$  (3)  $\sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}x$  (4)  $\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}x^2$

- (1) Linear momentum is conserved (2) Angular momentum is conserved
- (3) Kinetic energy is conserved (4) Mass is conserved

- (2)  $\frac{\mu}{2}$  v
- (3) νμ
- (4)  $\mu^2 v$

109. An ideal diatomic gas at pressure 
$$P$$
 is adiabatically compressed so that its volume becomes  $\frac{1}{n}$  times the initial value. The final pressure of the gas will be

- (1)  $n^{\frac{7}{2}}P$  (2)  $n^{\frac{7}{5}}P$  (3)  $n^{-\frac{7}{5}}P$  (4)  $n^{\frac{5}{3}}P$

A non metallic hollow sphere of radius 
$$R$$
 has a charge  $q$  placed at its center. What is the electric field at a distance  $r(< R)$  from the center of the sphere?

- (1)  $\frac{q^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$  (2)  $\frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$  (3)  $\frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$  (4) 0

- 111. A particle of mass m and charge q is moving with a velocity v in a magnetic field B perpendicular to the plane of the motion. What should be the value of v such that the particle execute a circular path of radius r?
  - (1)  $\frac{qmr}{R}$
- (2)  $\sqrt{\frac{qmr}{R}}$  (3)  $\frac{qBr^2}{m}$  (4)  $\frac{qBr}{m}$
- What is the dimension of universal gravitational constant G? 112.
  - (1)  $M^{-1}L^3T^{-2}$  (2)  $M^{-2}L^3T^{-1}$  (3)  $ML^3T^{-2}$  (4)  $M^{-1}L^2T^{-2}$

- A force  $\vec{F} = a \hat{i} + b \hat{j} + c \hat{k}$  is acting upon a body of mass m. If the body starts 113. from rest and was at the origin initially. It's new coordinate after time t is
  - (1)  $\frac{at^2}{2m}$ ,  $\frac{2bt^2}{m}$ ,  $\frac{ct^2}{2m}$

 $(2) \frac{at^2}{2m}, \frac{bt^2}{2m}, \frac{ct^2}{2m}$ 

(3)  $\frac{at^2}{m}, \frac{bt^2}{m}, \frac{ct^2}{m}$ 

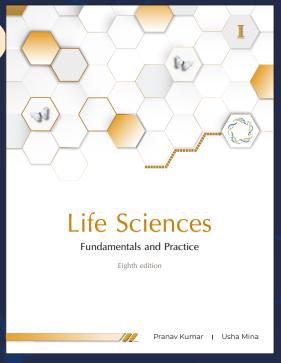
- (4) None of these
- A stone is projected upwards and it returns to ground in a parabolic path. 114. Which one of the following remains constant?

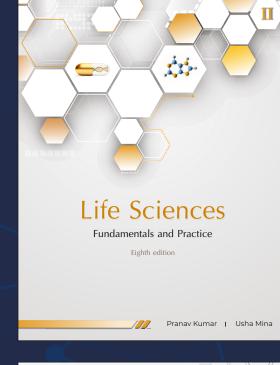
  - (1) Vertical component of velocity (2) Horizontal component of velocity
  - (3) Speed of the stone
- (4) None of the above
- The angle between  $\overrightarrow{A} \times \overrightarrow{B}$  and  $\overrightarrow{B} \times \overrightarrow{A}$  is 115.
  - (1)  $\pi$  (2)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (3)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- (4) 0

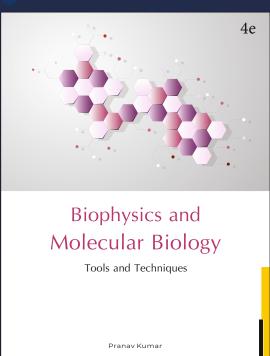
- If velocity of a positively charged particle is directed vertically upward a magnetic field is directed towards west, the direction of force acting on t 116. particle is along
  - (1) north
- (2) east
- (3) west (4) south
- The two ends of a train moving with uniform acceleration pass a certain po 117. with velocities u and v. The velocity with which the middle point of the tra passes the same point is
  - (1)  $\sqrt{u+v}$
- (2)  $\frac{u^2 + v^2}{2}$  (3)  $\sqrt{\frac{u^2 + v^2}{2}}$  (4)  $\frac{u + v}{2}$
- The magnetic flux  $\phi$  (in Weber) in a closed circuit of resistance 10 Ohm var 118. with time t (in second) as  $\phi = 4t^2 - 8t + 6$ . The magnitude of induced current t = 0.5 sec is
  - (1) 1·0 A
- (2) 0.4 A / (3) 0.2 A
- (4) 1·4 A
- n alpha particles per second are emitted from N nuclei of a radioactive eleme The half life of radioactive element is
- (1)  $\frac{n}{N}$  sec (2)  $\frac{N}{n}$  sec (3)  $\frac{0.693 \, \text{N}}{n}$  sec (4)  $\frac{0.693 \, n}{N}$  sec
- 120. In a n-type semiconductor, minority carriers of current are
- (2) neutron
- (3) proton
- (4) electron

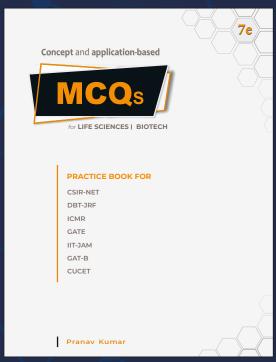
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#### SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

रफ़ कार्य के लिए जगह

## अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर तथा ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र के दोना पृष्ठा पर केवल नीली/काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- प्रध्न-पुस्तिका मिलने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई पृष्ठ या प्रध्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरों पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- परीक्षा भवन में प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- आ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दुसरा ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा। केवल ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- मभी प्रविष्टियां प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर नीली/काली बाल पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- 5. ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक एवं केन्द्र कोड नम्बर तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक सं० और ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र सं० की प्रविष्टियों में उपिग्लेखन की अनुमित नहीं ले
- 7. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिय अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पृथ्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपका ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
- 9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाड़ा करने पर अध्या एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं. तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. एफ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- 12. परीक्षा की समाप्ति के बाद अभ्यर्थी अपना ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा कक्ष/हाल में कक्ष निरीक्षक को मौप है। अभ्यक्षी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र की प्रति ले जा सकते हैं।
- 13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
- 14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की. भागी होगा/होगी।